

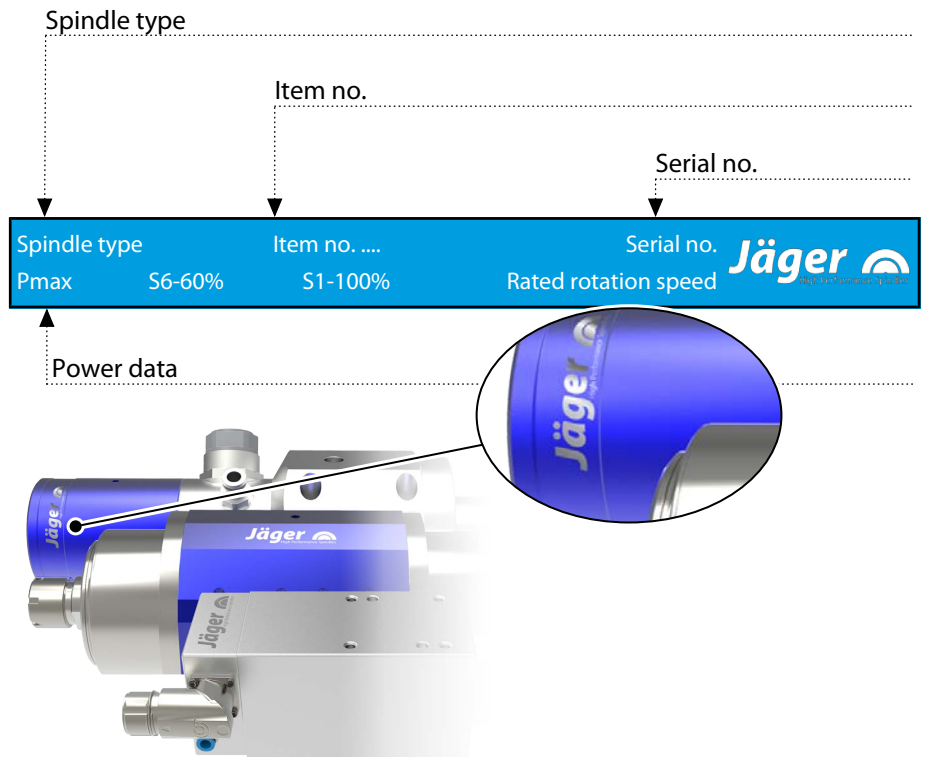


B150-H626.02 K1W2

High Frequency Spindle

Pneumatic taper change

Identification of HF spindle



As we always ensure that our HF spindles are at the cutting edge of technological development, we reserve the right to make technical modifications and variations from the exact design described in the manual.

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Translation of the original manual

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1 Preliminary information

The high frequency spindle (HF spindle) is a high quality precision tool for high speed machining.

1.1 Purpose of the manual

The manual is an important component of the HF spindle.

- ➔ Store the manual carefully.
- ➔ Make the manual available to all persons who work with the HF spindle.
- ➔ Read the documentation supplied in full.
- ➔ Before carrying out any work, read the corresponding section of the manual carefully again.

1.2 Explanation of symbols used

To enable quick classification of information, this manual uses visual aids in the form of symbols and text markings.

Notes are marked with a signal word and a colored box:



DANGER

Dangerous situation!

Results in serious injury or death.

- ▶ Measure to avert the danger.



WARNING

Dangerous situation!

May result in serious injury or death.

- ▶ Measure to avert the danger.



CAUTION

Dangerous situation!

May result in minor to moderate injury.

- ▶ Measure to avert the danger.



Note

May result in material damage. This warning symbol is not a warning for personal injury.

Tip

Tips indicate useful information for users.

2 Transport and packaging

Avoid strong vibrations or impacts during transportation, as these could damage the ball bearings of the HF spindle.

- ➔ Any damage reduces the accuracy of the HF spindle.
- ➔ Any damage restricts the functionality of the HF spindle.
- ➔ Any damage shortens the service life of the HF spindle.

2.1 Scope of supply of HF spindle

The following parts are supplied with the HF spindle:

- High Frequency Spindle
- Felt cleaning taper
- Transport packaging
- ➔ Check the high frequency spindle for completeness upon delivery.

2.1.1 Optional accessories

Available on request:

- Frequency converter
- Chiller
- Collet grease
- Hose connections
- Motor cable
- Control cable
- Further accessories on request.

Only approved accessories have been tested for operational safety and functionality.

- ➔ Do not use any other accessories – this may invalidate any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.

2.1.2 Documentation supplied

The documents listed below are supplied with the HF spindle:

- Manual
- The declaration of incorporation is part of the manual.
- Inspection protocol
- ➔ Check that the documentation supplied is complete when the spindle is delivered. If necessary, request a new copy.

2.2 Packaging of HF spindle



All transport packaging materials can be recycled in appropriate disposal facilities.

3 Designated use

The HF spindle is an “incomplete machine” in accordance with the Machinery Directive and cannot perform any function independently. The HF spindle can only be operated in conjunction with a machine tool and a frequency converter.

3.1 Permissible types of machining

The HF spindle has been developed only for the following types of machining.

- Cutting
 - Drilling
 - Engraving
 - Grinding
- ➔ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** if other types of machining are required.

3.2 Permissible materials

The HF spindle has been developed only for the following materials.

- Metals (such as alloys, cast metals etc.)
 - Sintered materials
 - Plastics
 - Wood
 - Graphite
 - Stone (marble, etc.)
 - Paper and cardboard
 - Circuit boards
 - Glass and ceramic
- ➔ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** if other materials are to be machined.

4

Safety instructions

The high frequency spindle is a state of the art product and is safe to operate.

However, the HF spindle may pose a risk in the following cases:

- If it is installed by untrained personnel.
- If it is used incorrectly.
- If it is not used in accordance with its intended use.

The high frequency spindle may only be installed, commissioned, and maintained by specialist personnel.

Definition: Specialist personnel are persons who are familiar with the assembly, installation, commissioning, and operation of the product and have the relevant qualifications for their area of activity. The operator must closely control the responsibility, training, and monitoring of these personnel.



DANGER: Due to explosion.

HF spindles are not approved for use in areas at risk of explosion. Use in such areas may result in explosions.

- ▶ Do not use the HF spindle in potentially explosive atmospheres.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds and may therefore be flung away by these.

- ▶ Operate the HF spindle only if it is installed in the machine or system in a fixed manner.



Note: Adhere to the limit values.

- ▶ Observe the limit values specified in the technical data.



Note: Take account of the machine.

- ▶ Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- ▶ Observe all safety instructions specified by the machine manufacturer.
- ▶ Ensure that the machine does not cause any hazards (e.g. uncontrolled movements). Do not install the HF spindle in the machine until this has been done.



Note. Do not damage the HF spindle.

- ▶ Any damage reduces the accuracy of the HF spindle.
- ▶ Any damage restricts the functionality of the HF spindle.
- ▶ Any damage shortens the service life of the HF spindle.

4.1

Safe working

Observe all safety instructions set out in the manual, the applicable national accident prevention regulations, and the valid company work, operation, and safety guidelines.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

Tools that are not clamped correctly will be flung away by the centrifugal forces that occur during machining.

- ▶ Use the full clamping depth of the clamping system.
- ▶ Clamp the tool securely.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the wrong rotational direction is used, the clamping system releases and the tool is flung away.

- ▶ It is essential to adhere to the rotational direction of the HF spindle.



WARNING: Risk of injury due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds which may cause chips to fly out with great force.

- ▶ Never remove the protective devices of the machine or system.
- ▶ Always wear protective goggles during work.



Example of design: Inserting the shank

Note: Ensure functionality.

- ▶ Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool shank.

If no tool shank is clamped:

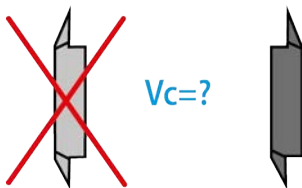
- The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- The clamping system is shifted.
- The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- The bearing is damaged.

- ➔ Take the relevant measures to protect against splashes and spray according to the type of machining, the type of material being machined, and the type of tool selected.
 - ↪ Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- ➔ Obtain the maximum circumferential speeds of the tools used from the tool supplier.

Single-point tools are not suitable for high speed cutting.

If they are required for production reasons:

- ➔ Only use a balanced tool.
 - ↪ DIN ISO 1940
 - ↪ Balance grade 2,5





The tool cutting diameter (X) must not be greater than the maximum clamping range (Y).

- ➔ Always clamp the tool so that it is as short as possible.
- ➔ Keep the dimension (Z) small.
 - ➔ (Y) See section: Technical Specifications [▶ 14].

4.2

Shutdown of HF spindle

The procedure for shutting down the high frequency spindle for installation and maintenance work is as follows:

- ➔ Completely disconnect the power supply.
- ➔ Completely disconnect the media supply (air and liquid).
- ➔ Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.

If the HF spindle is being shut down to be cleaned:

- ➔ Reconnect only the sealing air.

Tip: Forward the data to the controller.

- ▶ Use the option on the frequency converter of detecting the shutdown signal from the shaft and forwarding this to the machine controller for evaluation.

4.3

Installation and maintenance

- ➔ Carry out installation, cleaning, and maintenance work only after shutting down the HF spindle and after the shaft has come to a standstill.
- ➔ Install all safety and protective devices of the machine immediately after completing work.

4.4

Modification and repair

Modifications or alterations to the HF spindle are only permitted after prior consultation with **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH**.

Only the service partners listed in the "Service and repair [▶ 35]" section are authorized to open and repair the HF spindle.

Only approved accessories have been tested for operational safety and functionality.

4.5

Improper operation

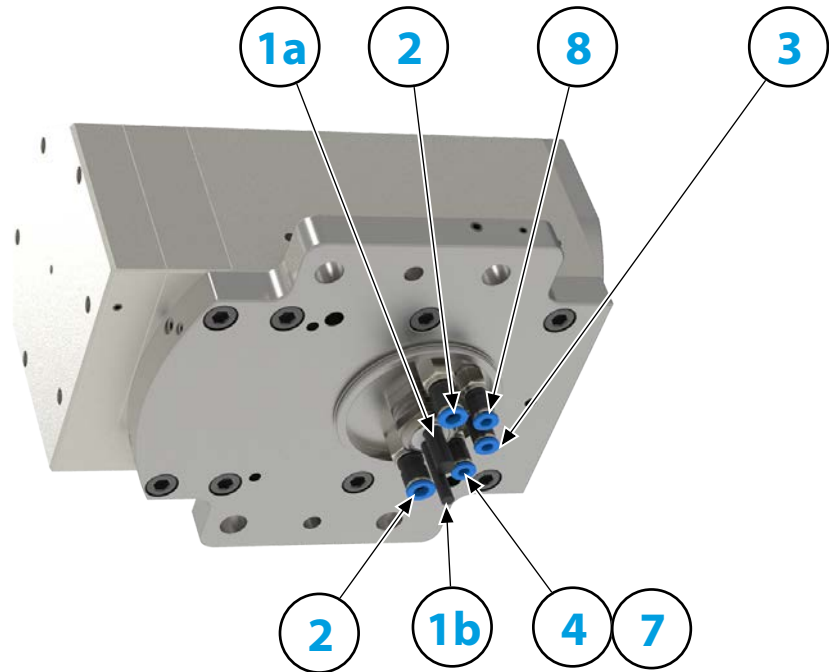
The high frequency spindle is only safe to operate for its designated use.

- ➔ Observe the safety instructions in all sections of the manual to prevent hazards to persons, the environment, the machine, or the HF spindle itself.

Failure to observe the safety instructions may invalidate any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.

5 Technical description

5.1 Connections of HF spindle



1a	Electrical connection for: motor phases	
1b	Electrical connection for: Tool taper monitoring, PTC, Pt1000	
1c	Electrical connection for: Vector control (optional accessory)	
2	Cooling water	G 1/4"
3	Sealing air	G 1/8"
4	Taper cleaning	G 1/8"
7	Pneumatics for tool change (cylinder forward)	G 1/8"
8	Pneumatics for tool change (cylinder back)	G 1/8"

5.2 Electrical connection

The HF spindle may only be operated with a frequency converter (FC).

- ➔ Check whether the current, voltage, and frequency data of the HF spindle match the raw data for the frequency converter.
- ➔ Use a motor supply line that is as short as possible.
- ➔ Adjust the speed of the HF spindle using the FC.
- ➔ Refer to the frequency converter manual for further information.

The FC detects the following operating states of the HF spindle, depending on the version:

- HF spindle rotating.
- HF spindle too hot.
- HF spindle at a standstill, etc.

The FC forwards the operating states of the HF spindle to the machine controller.

5.3 Cooling

Liquid cooling keeps the HF spindle at a constant temperature during operation.



Note: Extension of the service life through heat dissipation.

Heat is produced during operation of the HF spindle. The temperature of the HF spindle should not exceed + 45° C as this shortens the service life of the bearing.

- ▶ Check the temperature of the HF spindle on the housing.

5.4

Sealing air

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [▶ 26]" section.

The sealing air prevents foreign bodies such as chips and liquids (e.g. emulsions) from entering the HF spindle.

- ➔ Check that air escapes at the front between the housing and the rotating parts of the HF spindle.

5.5

Taper cleaning

Taper cleaning prevents chips and liquids from entering the shaft during a tool change and causing contamination and damage to the inner taper and the clamping system.

The taper cleaning is integrated in the pneumatics system for the tool change. This means that no additional connections are required.

5.6

Pneumatic tool change

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [▶ 26]" section.

The tool change or tool taper change is performed pneumatically.

During this, a mechanism is operated inside the HF spindle which clamps, releases, or ejects the tool taper or collet.

6

Technical Specifications

Bearings

Hybrid ball bearing (pcs)	4
Lifetime lubricated	maintenance free

Power values

Liquid cooled

	Pmax./5s	S6-60%	S1-100%	
Rated power	18,8	12,4	10,9	[kW]
Torque	29,1	20	18	[Nm]
Voltage	380	380	380	[V]
Current	42	30,2	27,5	[A]

Motor data

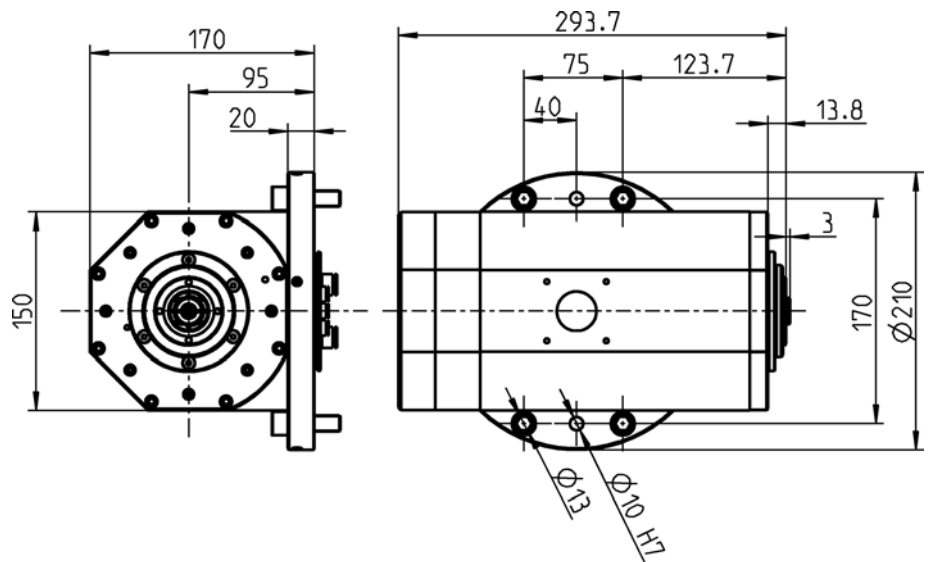
Motor technology	3-phase asynchronous drive (no brushes or sensors)
Frequency	867 Hz
Motor poles (pairs)	2
Rated rotation speed	26.000 rpm
Acceleration/braking value Per second	10 000 rpm (other values by consultation)

Characteristics

Speed sensor	Vector control Optional accessories
Toothed wheel	Teeth = 128 Module = 0,3 Optional accessories
Motor protection	PTC 130°C Pt1000
Housing	Aluminium
Flange area	210 mm x 210 mm
Cooling	Liquid cooled
Ambient temperature	+ 10°C ... + 45°C
Sealing air	
Protection category (sealing air turned on)	IP54
Taper cleaning	
Vibration sensor	Optional accessories
Tool change	Pneumatic taper change
Tool Holder	HSK-E 40
Tool change monitoring	inductive
1 position	clamped
Clamping range up to	16 mm

Clockwise and anticlockwise	
Coupler plug	Cable Cable length 3 m (motor phases)
	Cable Cable length 3 m 17-pin
	Cable length 3 m (sensors)
Weight	~ 28 kg
Inner taper run out	< 1 μ
Axial run-out	< 1 μ

6.1 Dimensions



6.2

The power values (S1, S6, S2) are valid for sinusoidal currents and voltages.

The power values of the HF spindle are dependent on the frequency converter used and may vary from the indicated values.

Motor data

Spindle characteristic curve	10050
Motor technology	AC Motor
Motor type	ACM 120/80/80-4E
Rated power	10,9 kW
Rated rotation speed	26.000 rpm
Cooling	Liquid cooled
Motor protection	PTC 130° C Pt1000
Winding resistance (phase-phase)	0,321 Ω
Power dissipation	2.615 W – max. (S1)

Measured values: S1-100%

Rated rotation speed	1 000	5 000	6 000	7 000	10 000	15 000	26 000	rpm
Speed	747	4 722	5 728	6 684	9 458	14 325	25 233	rpm
Frequency	33	167	200	233	333	500	867	Hz
Rated power	1,4	7,86	9,3	10,5	10,9	9	5,55	kW
Torque	18	15,9	15,5	15	11	6	2,1	Nm
Voltage	77	299	353	380	380	380	380	V
Current	27,4	27,5	27,3	26,2	23,4	20,1	13,7	A
cos φ	0,82	0,73	0,72	0,75	0,81	0,78	0,74	

Measured values: S6-60%

Rated rotation speed	1 000	5 000	6 000	7 000	10 000	15 000	26 000	rpm
Speed	777	4 742	5 740	6 662	9 441	14 309	25 169	rpm
Frequency	33	167	200	233	333	500	867	Hz
Rated power	1,63	8,96	10,7	12,14	12,4	9,63	5,8	kW
Torque	20	18,0	17,8	17,4	12,5	6,4	2,2	Nm
Voltage	79	310	366	380	380	380	380	V
Current	29,6	30,1	30,2	29,1	27	22,2	14,9	A
cos φ	0,82	0,73	0,72	0,78	0,81	0,76	0,71	

Measured values: S2-Pmax./5 s

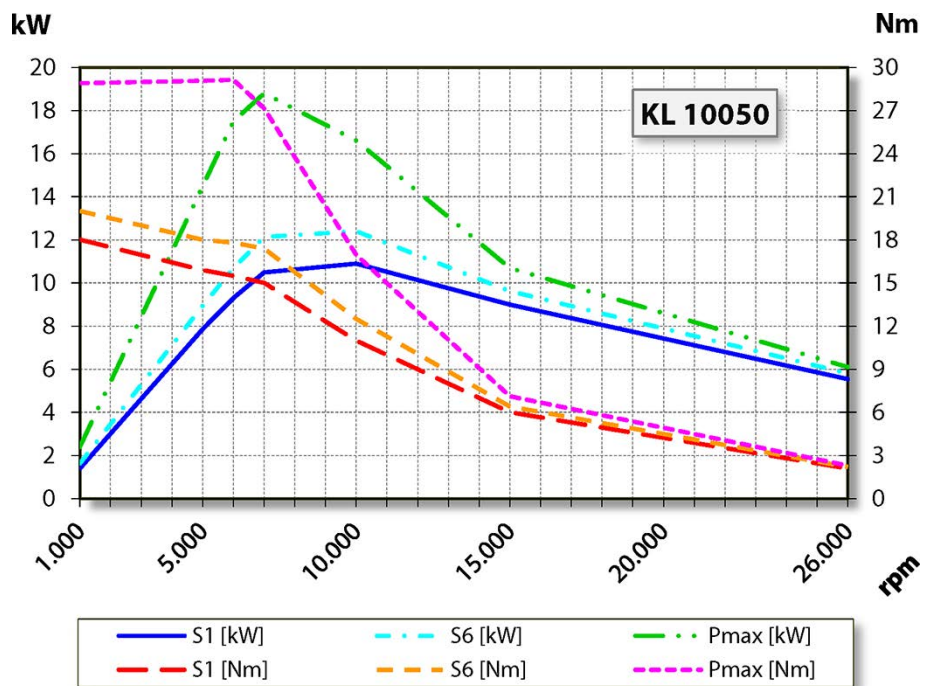
Rated rotation speed	1 000	5 000	6 000	7 000	10 000	15 000	26 000	rpm
Speed	802	4 779	5 721	6 629	9 327	14 392	25 284	rpm
Frequency	33	167	200	233	333	500	867	Hz
Rated power	2,4	14,5	17,5	18,8	16,6	10,7	6,1	kW
Torque	28,9	29,06	29,14	27,15	16,97	7,1	2,29	Nm
Voltage	86	353	380	380	380	380	380	V
Current	38,2	42	42,0	42,0	42,0	26,6	16,9	A
cos φ	0,83	0,74	0,79	0,82	0,72	0,71	0,66	

Note on operation with static frequency converters:

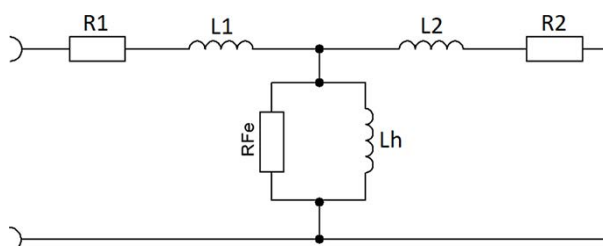
For operation with a frequency converter, the effective fundamental voltage must correspond to the specified motor voltage.

The measured currents may be greater than the specified values due to the harmonic content.

6.2.1 Performance Diagram



6.2.2 Equivalent circuit diagram data





Note: Damage due to incorrect performance data.

The values of the parameters relate exclusively to the motor.

► HF spindle values: See tables S1-100%, S6-60% and S2-Pmax.

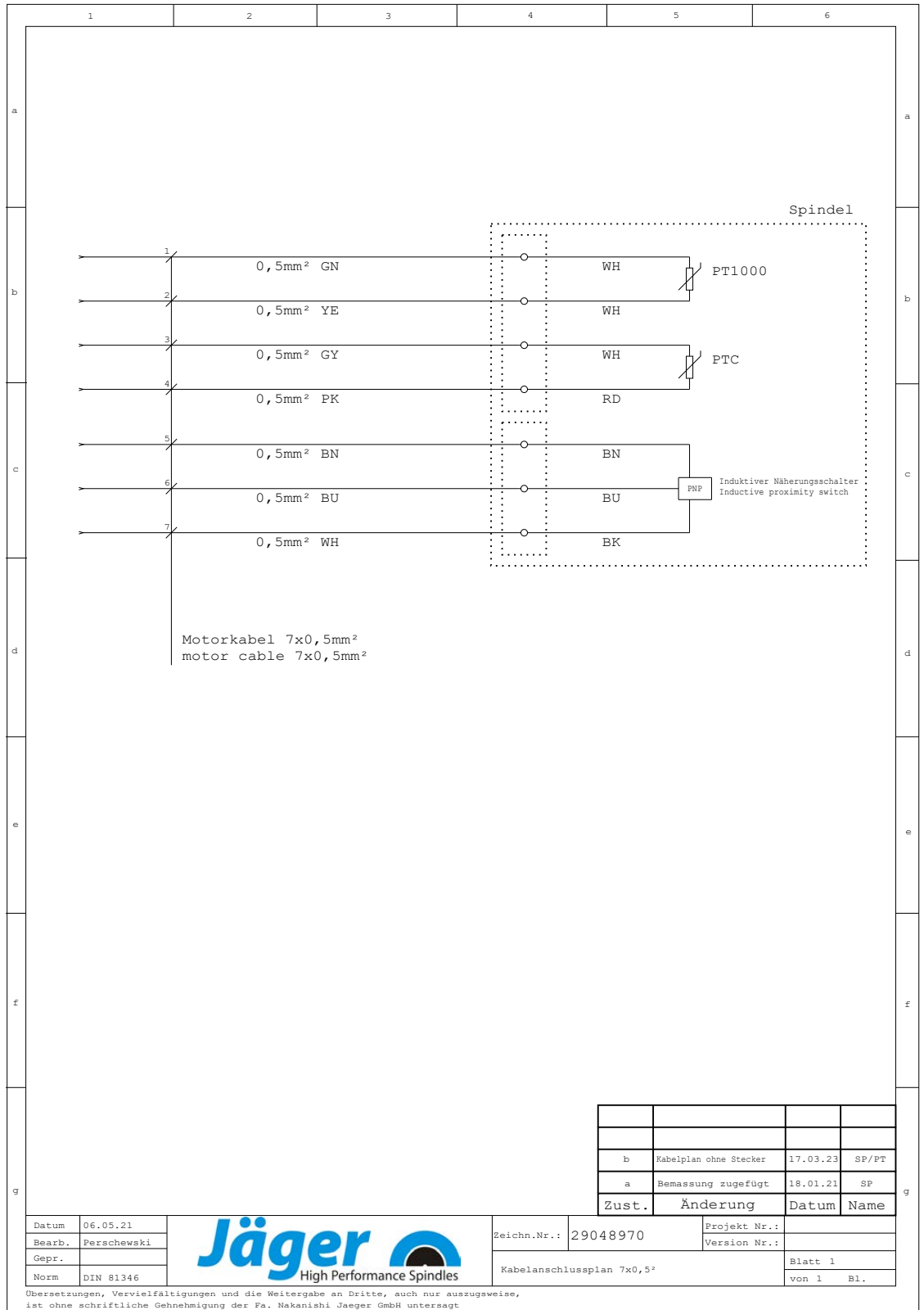
Parameter*	Meaning	Value	Unit
p0304	Rated voltage (phase-phase)	380	Vrms
p0305	Rated current	26,2	Arms
p0307	Rated power	10,5	kW
p0308	Rated power factor	0,75	cos φ
p0310	Rated frequency	233,3	Hz
p0311	Rated speed	7.000	rpm
---	Rated power loss	2.615	W
---	Rated rotation speed	26.000	rpm
p0312	Rated torque	14,995	Nm
p0314	Motor poles (pairs)	2	---
p0320	Rated magnetization current	14,13	Arms
p0322	Maximum speed	26.000	rpm
p0326	Stalling torque correction factor	100	%
p0335	Cooling type	Liquid cooled	
p0341	Moment of inertia	0,0031	kgm ²
p0348	Field weakening operating speed VDC=600V	4.429	rpm
p0350	Stator resistance, cold (strand)	0,321	Ω
p0353	Series inductance (strand)	0	mH
p0354	Rotor resistance, cold	0,252	Ω
p0356	Stator stray inductance	0,682	mH
p0358	Rotor stray inductance	0,694	mH
p0360	Main inductance	9,401	mH
p0604	Motor temperature warning threshold	90	°C
p0605	Motor temperature fault threshold	130	°C
p0640	Current limit	42	Arms
p1800	Pulse frequency	16	kHz
---	DC link voltage	560	VDC
---	Series capacitance		μF
---	Maximum voltage		V
---	Idle reduction		%
---	Stator stray reactance X1		Ω
---	Rotor stray reactance X2		Ω
---	Main field reactance Xh		Ω

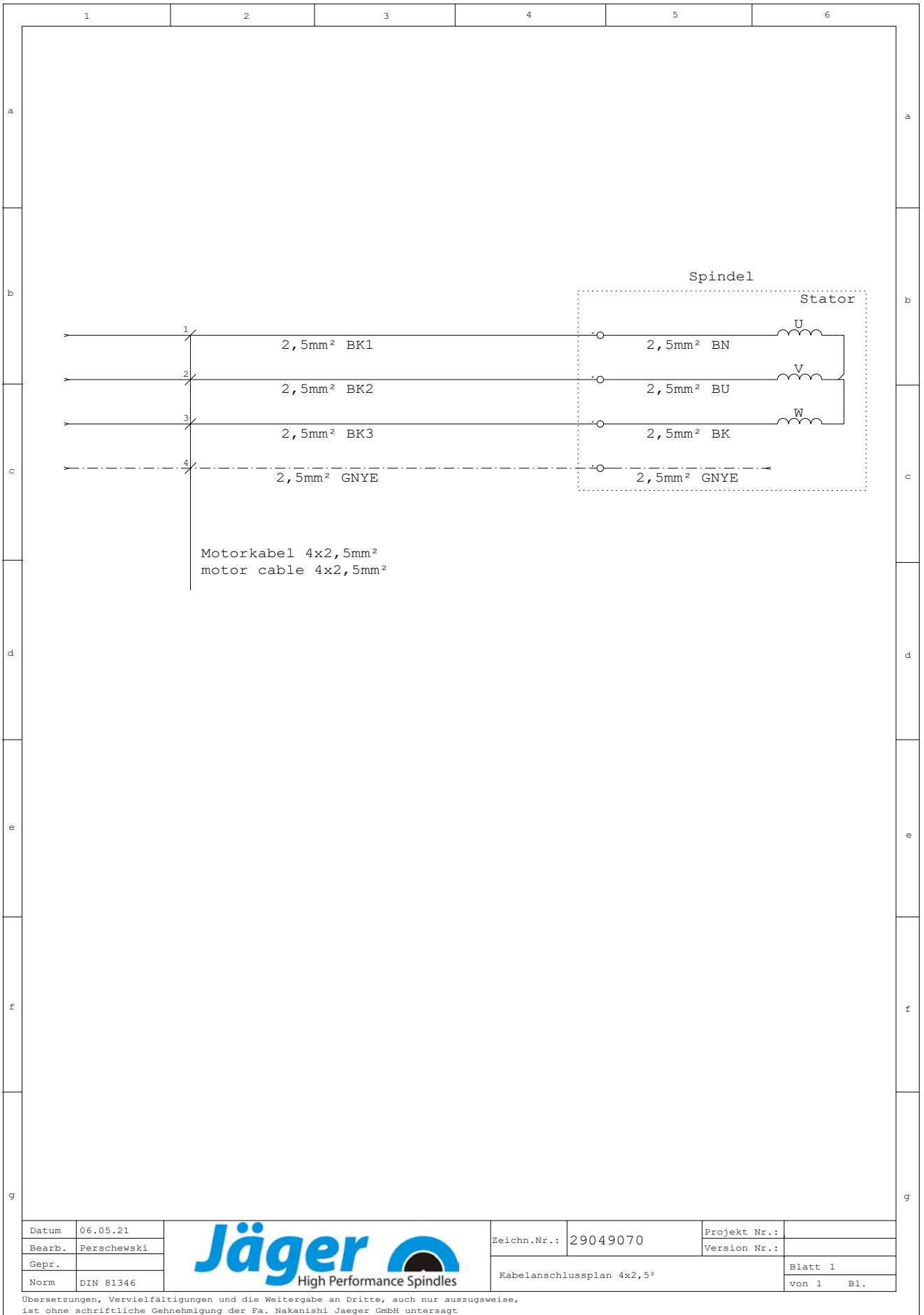
(*) Parameters for Siemens SINAMICS 120

6.3 Wiring diagram

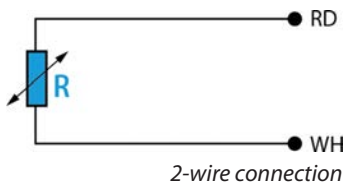
Note: Do not change the ex-works configuration.

Any change may cause overvoltage on the electrical components (e.g. PTC, differential magneto resistor).





6.4



Motor protection Pt1000

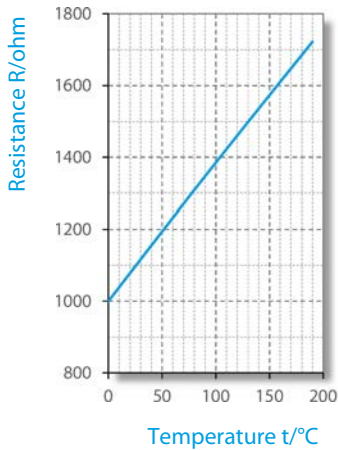
Platinum temperature sensor

Design according to:

- DIN EN 60751
- Accuracy class B

Technical Specifications

Temperature/resistance correlation (series of basic values)



$t_{90}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	(*) Resistance at temperature $t_{90}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ [Ω]									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1000	1004	1008	1012	1016	1020	1023	1027	1031	1035
10	1039	1043	1047	1051	1055	1059	1062	1066	1070	1074
20	1078	1082	1086	1090	1094	1097	1101	1105	1109	1113
30	1117	1121	1125	1128	1132	1136	1140	1144	1148	1152
40	1155	1159	1163	1167	1171	1175	1179	1182	1186	1190
50	1194	1198	1202	1206	1209	1213	1217	1221	1225	1229
60	1232	1236	1240	1244	1248	1252	1255	1259	1263	1267
70	1271	1275	1278	1282	1286	1290	1294	1298	1301	1305
80	1309	1313	1317	1320	1324	1328	1332	1336	1340	1343
90	1347	1351	1355	1359	1362	1366	1370	1374	1378	1381
100	1385	1389	1393	1396	1400	1404	1408	1412	1415	1419
110	1423	1427	1431	1434	1438	1442	1446	1449	1453	1457
120	1461	1464	1468	1472	1476	1480	1483	1487	1491	1495
130	1498	1502	1506	1510	1513	1517	1521	1525	1528	1532
140	1536	1540	1543	1547	1551	1555	1558	1562	1566	1570
150	1573	1577	1581	1585	1588	1592	1596	1599	1603	1607
160	1611	1614	1618	1622	1625	1629	1633	1637	1640	1644
170	1648	1651	1655	1659	1663	1666	1670	1674	1677	1681
180	1685	1689	1692	1696	1700	1703	1707	1711	1714	1718

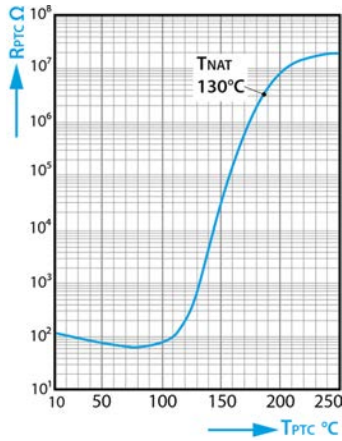
(*) Rounded values

6.5

Motor protection PTC 130°C

PTC thermistor with protective insulation

Characteristic curves for rated response temperatures 90°C to 160°C in accordance with DIN VDE V 0898-1-401.



Positive temperature coefficient thermistor resistance (R_{PTC}) according to the positive temperature coefficient thermistor temperature (T_{PTC}) (small-signal resistance).

Technical Specifications

Type	M135		
Max. operating voltage	($T_A = 0 \dots 40^\circ\text{C}$)	V_{\max^*}	30 V
Max. measuring voltage	($T_A - 25 \text{ K} \dots T_{\text{NAT}} + 15 \text{ K}$)	$V_{\text{Meas,max}}$	7.5 V
Nominal resistance	($V_{\text{PTC}} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	RN	$\leq 250 \Omega$
Insulation test voltage		V_{is}	3 kV~
Response time		t_a	< 2.5 s
Operating temperature range	($V=0$)	T_{op}	-25/+180°C

Resistance values

$T_{\text{NAT}} \pm \Delta T$	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} - \Delta T)$ ($V_{\text{PTC}} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} + \Delta T)$ ($V_{\text{PTC}} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} + 15 \text{ K})$ ($V_{\text{PTC}} \leq 7.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} + 23 \text{ K})$ ($V_{\text{PTC}} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)
$130 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 550 \Omega$	$\geq 1330 \Omega$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}\Omega$	----

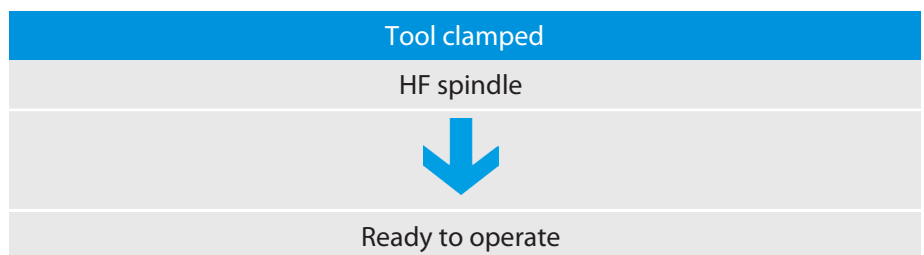
6.6

Tool change monitoring

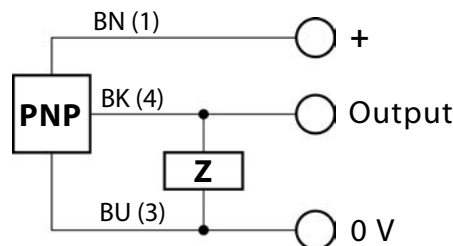
Tool taper monitoring indicates the readiness status of the HF spindle to the operator and forwards the corresponding signal to the machine controller.

- Tool taper monitoring using inductive proximity switch.

Signals



Operating voltage range:
10-30 VDC (UL – Class 2)
Switching distance: Sn 2.0 mm
Short-circuit and reverse-polarity resistant.



BN = brown
BK = black
BU = blue
NO = Normally open

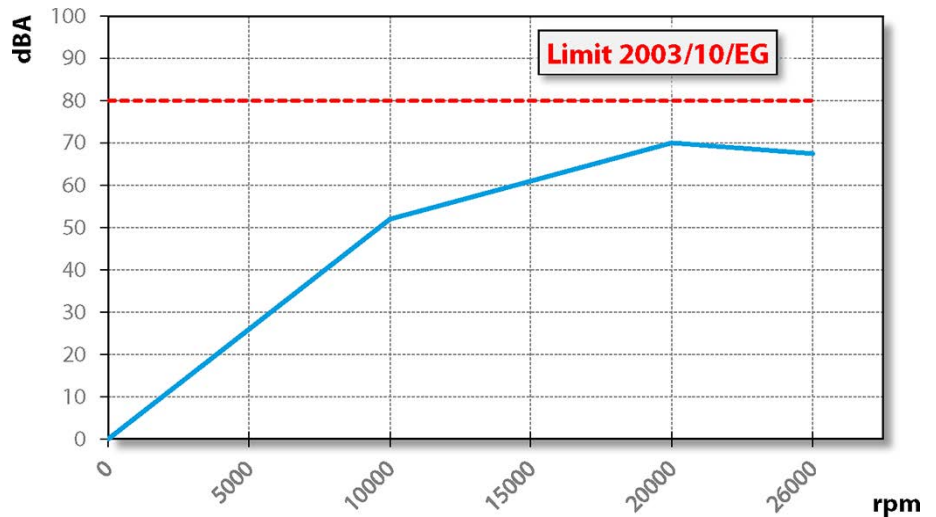
6.7



Air-borne noise emissions

CAUTION: Noise has an impact on health.

► Only operate the HF spindle if you are wearing hearing protection.



7



Operating location

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the HF spindle is incorrectly attached, it may come loose during operation and be flung away by the forces that occur.

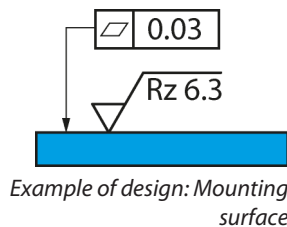
► Clamp the HF spindle firmly.



WARNING: Risk of injury due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds which may cause chips to fly out with great force.

- Never remove the protective devices of the machine or system.
- Always wear protective goggles during work.



Note the following points before installing the HF spindle:

- ➡ Make sure that the hole pattern of the HF spindle and hole pattern of the mounting surface in the machine match.
 - ↳ Check the number and sizes of the mounting screws (optional accessories).
- ➡ Check the connecting hoses for damage.
- ➡ Check the connecting cables for damage.
- ➡ Only use undamaged hoses and cables.
- ➡ Do not allow the HF spindle to run in the vicinity of a heat source.

8

Installation

Before installation:

- ➔ Check the HF spindle for damage and ensure that it is complete.

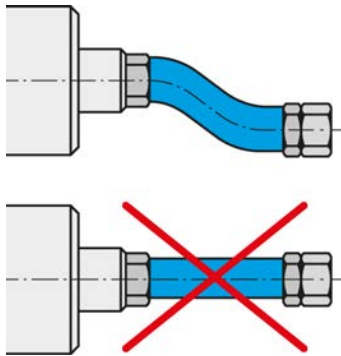
If the HF spindle has been stored for a long period:

- ➔ Carry out all steps in the Commissioning after storage section.

8.1

Installing the HF spindle

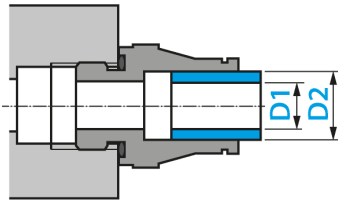
Complete the following steps in sequence to install the HF spindle:



Connect media and cables with a flexible connection.

- ➔ Remove the sealing plugs that protect the connections against damage and contamination during transportation.
- ➔ Instead of these sealing plugs, install the appropriate hose fittings.
- ➔ Install the corresponding hoses in the hose fittings
- ➔ Make sure that the connections are flexible and free of strain.
- ➔ Seal all connections for compressed air axially in relation to the tightening direction.
- ➔ Seal all connections for cooling water axially in relation to the tightening direction.
- ➔ If the HF spindle is equipped with sealing air:
 - ✚ Make sure that no air flow can occur in the bearing area.
 - ✚ Always use sealed cable boxes when connecting electrical lines.
- ➔ Mount the HF spindle on the machine.
- ➔ Connect the hoses to the connection of the respective media.
- ➔ Remove the protective cap that protects the shaft against damage and contamination during transportation.
- ➔ Connect the connector of the operating connection lines to the relevant connection of the HF spindle and to the frequency converter.
- ➔ Lock the connectors.

8.2



Diameter of media supply line

➔ The nominal size of the media supply lines can be found in the following table:

DN	Medium	D1		D2	
2.8	Compressed air	2.8 mm	$\frac{7}{64}$ "	4 mm	$\frac{5}{32}$ "
4	Compressed air	4 mm	$\frac{5}{32}$ "	6 mm	$\frac{15}{64}$ "
6	Compressed air	6 mm	$\frac{15}{64}$ "	8 mm	$\frac{5}{16}$ "
5.5	Cooling water	5.5 mm	$\frac{7}{32}$ "	8 mm	$\frac{5}{16}$ "
7	Cooling water	7 mm	$\frac{9}{32}$ "	10 mm	$\frac{25}{64}$ "

8.3

Cooling water

8.3.1

Quality of cooling water

Distilled water causes immediate corrosion on bare parts, which is often unnoticeable at first, but later leads to serious corrosion damage.

➔ Do not use pure or distilled water.

Deposits in cooling channels due to unsuitable cooling water prevent the dissipation of heat.

➔ Use cooling water with the following properties:

Drinking water	according to 98/83/EC
Hardness	1-15°dH
PH value	7-9
Additive (corrosion protection)	20% Antifrogen N

8.3.2

Setting the cooling

➔ Observe the following values for liquid cooling:

Hose diameter (*)	Min. DN 5.5
Feed temperature	Min. 20°C
Volumetric flow	Min. 1.5 l/min
Return temperature	Max. 40°C

(*) Use cooling hoses that are impermeable to UV light.

8.4 Compressed air

8.4.1 Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1)

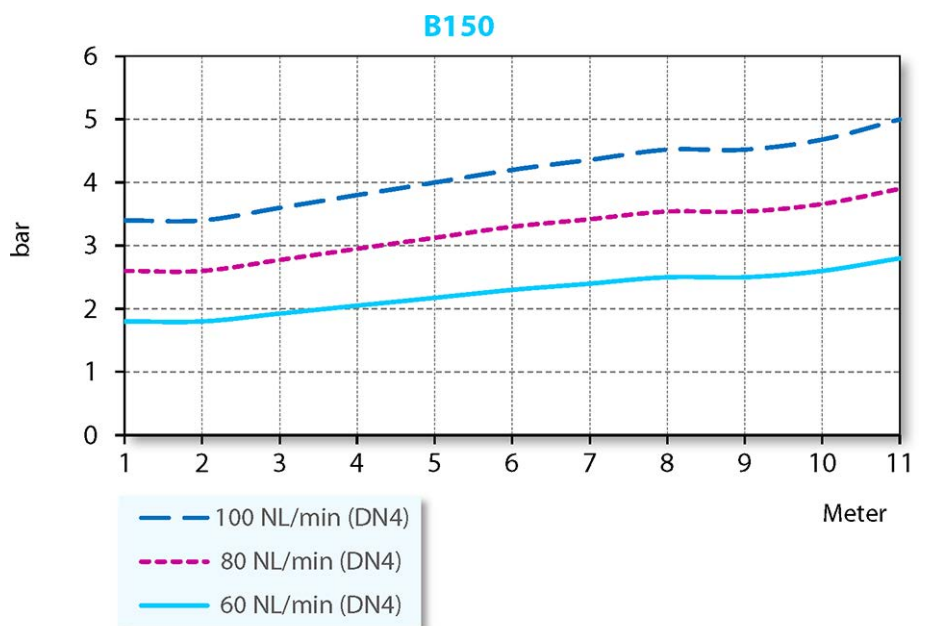
Solid impurities	Class 3 Filter grade at least 5 µm for solids
Water content	Class 4 Max. pressure dew point +3 °C
Total oil content	Class 3 Max. oil content 1 mg/m ³

8.4.2 Setting the sealing air

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [▶ 26]" section.

The adjustment value for the sealing air depends on the hose diameter and length.

- ➔ Hose diameter: DN 4
- ➔ The setting value can be found in the following diagram.
- ➔ To ensure effective control, turn on the sealing air and cooling when turning on the machine. This protects the HF spindle even when it is stationary.



Lowest sealing air supply	Dry machining
Medium sealing air supply	Machining with spray water
Highest sealing air supply	Machining with hose water

8.4.3

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [▶ 26]" section.

Setting values

➔ Keep to the following values:

Pneumatic system for tool change	≥ 5,0 bar
----------------------------------	-----------

9

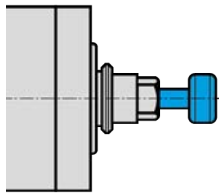


Commissioning

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the speed is selected incorrectly, the HF spindle or the tool may be destroyed and their fragments may be flung out.

- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the selected tool.
- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the HF spindle.
- ▶ The maximum permissible speed of the HF spindle for commissioning / processing is always the **lowest** specified speed.



Example of design: Inserting the shank

Note: Ensure functionality.

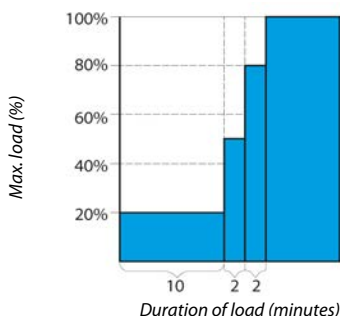
- ▶ Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool shank.

If no tool shank is clamped:

- The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- The clamping system is shifted.
- The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- The bearing is damaged.

- ➔ Turn the shaft of the spindle at least ten times by hand.
- ➔ Before storing and before commissioning only clean the cooling duct with compressed air.

9.1



Running-in schedule

- ➔ Put the HF spindle into operation with a clamped tool (without machining) for approx. 10 minutes.
- ➔ The speed in this case should be no more than 20% of the maximum permissible speed for the HF spindle.
 - ↳ See definition: Max. permissible speed
- ➔ Allow the HF spindle to run for approx. 2 minutes at a maximum of 50% of the maximum permissible speed.
- ➔ Operate the HF spindle for approx. 2 more minutes at a maximum of 80% of the maximum permissible speed.

The HF spindle is now ready for operation.

9.2 Daily start-up

Proceed as follows to preheat the grease lubrication of the bearing and to protect it:

- Operate the HF spindle with a clamped tool (without machining).
 - ✎ Approx. 2 minutes.
 - ✎ At maximum 50 % of the maximum permissible speed.
(See Commissioning [▶ 27] section)

This brings the HF spindle to its operating temperature.

9.3 Shutdown signal

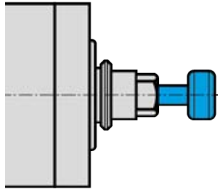
Use the option on the frequency converter of detecting the shutdown signal from the shaft and forwarding this to the machine controller for evaluation.

9.4 Commissioning after storage

- Do not put the HF spindle into operation until its temperature has adjusted from the temperature of the storage location to the temperature of the usage location.
 - ✎ The temperature difference between the HF spindle and the usage location should not exceed 10°C.
- Carry out all steps in the "Maintenance [▶ 33]" section.
- Operate the HF spindle at a maximum of 50 % of the max. permissible speed for approx. 5 minutes.
 - ✎ See Commissioning [▶ 27] section
- Operate the HF spindle for approx. 2 more minutes at a maximum of 80 % of the maximum permissible speed.

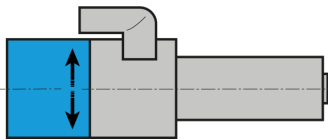
This preheats the grease lubrication of the bearing and protects it.

10



Example of design: Inserting the shank

10.1



Sample illustration:
Direction of rotation indication

Tool change

CAUTION: Danger of being drawn in by rotating shaft.

If the shaft is still rotating, fingers and hands may be drawn in and crushed.

- ▶ Only change the tool if the shaft is at a standstill.

Note: Ensure functionality.

- ▶ Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool shank.

If no tool shank is clamped:

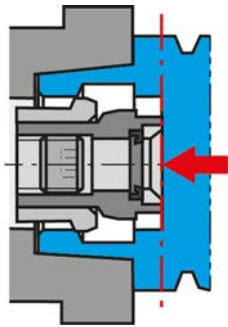
- The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- The clamping system is shifted.
- The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- The bearing is damaged.

Clockwise and counter-clockwise

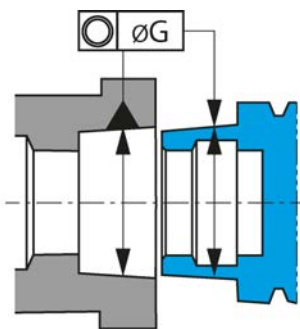
The HF spindle clamping system is designed for clockwise and counter-clockwise rotation.

- ↻ Only use tools with the correct direction of rotation for the HF spindle.
- ↻ Only use tool mounts with the correct HF spindle direction of rotation.
- ↻ Set the HF spindle direction of rotation on the FC to match the direction of rotation of the tool / tool mount used.

10.2



Insert the tool up to the contact surface of the clamping taper.



Coaxiality tolerance

10.2.1

Pneumatic taper change

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

The taper cleaning could build up air pressure in the hollow shank taper during the tool taper change. This air pressure flings out the hollow shank taper in the case of sudden release.

- ▶ Ensure that the ventilation hole of the shaft is open.
 - ↪ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** service.

Tip: Ensure concentric run-out quality.

- ▶ Keep collet, clamping nut, contact surface, shaft, tool taper, and tool mount clean at all times.
- ▶ Check the tool taper mount.

It must be free of damage and clean when switching to the HF spindle.

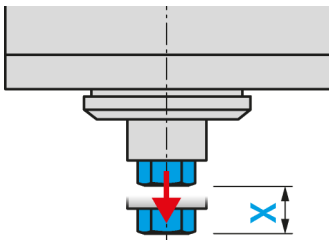
- ➡ Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.
- ➡ Switch on the compressed air for "cylinder forward".
- ➡ Remove the tool.
- ➡ Clean the inner taper of the tool mount and the inner taper of the shaft with the felt cleaning taper.
- ➡ Insert the tool.
 - ↪ Insert the tool up to the contact surface of the clamping taper.
- ➡ Switch on the compressed air for "cylinder back".
- ➡ Wait for 1-2 seconds after the tool change.
- ➡ Start the HF spindle.

Automatic hollow shank taper tool clamp

We recommend the following values:

- ➡ Coaxiality tolerance when changing the tool.
 - ↪ Coaxiality (ØG): 0,7 mm
- ➡ Contact force on clamping taper.
 - ↪ Maximum: 140 N

10.3



Example of design: Ejection travel

Tool changing station (optional accessory)

During a tool change, the HF spindle moves into the changing station with the clamped tool.

- Note the following values when producing the changing station in order to compensate for the ejection travel (X):

Spring loaded	X = 2 - 5 mm
Spring force	40 - 80 N

10.3.1

pneumatic taper change

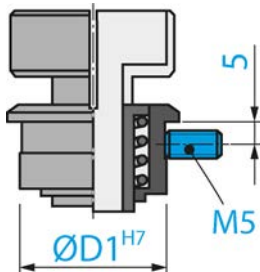
During a tool change, the tool mount is pressed out of the shaft by the cylinder.

10.3.2

Installing the changing station

Proceed as follows to install the changing station:

- Drill a hole with a suitable diameter ($\varnothing D1 H7$) for the tool mount.
- Add an M5 thread.
- Insert the changing station into the hole.
- Secure the changing station using the threaded spindle (M5).



10.3.3

Maintenance

Before commencing work:

- Check that all surfaces are thoroughly cleaned and free of dust, grease, coolant, machining residues, and metal particles.
- Check that the changing station is free of damage.

11



Tools for high speed cutting

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the wrong direction of rotation is used, the tool is damaged when load is applied. The centrifugal forces cause the broken part to be flung out.

- ▶ Only use tools with the correct direction of rotation for the HF spindle.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the speed is selected incorrectly, the HF spindle or the tool may be destroyed and their fragments may be flung out.

- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the selected tool.
- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the HF spindle.
- ▶ The maximum permissible speed of the HF spindle for commissioning / processing is always the **lowest** specified speed.

- ➔ Only use tools that are technically sound.
- ➔ Only use tools with a tool shank diameter that corresponds to the inner diameter of the collet. For example, do not use shanks with a diameter of 3 mm in collets for 1/8" (=3.175 mm).
 - ↳ Also see the Technical Specifications [▶ 14] section
- ➔ Only use tool shanks with a diameter tolerance of h6.
- ➔ Do not use tool shanks with a clamping surface (e.g. Weldon).
- ➔ Only use a balanced tool.
 - ↳ DIN ISO 1940, balance grade 2,5 .

12 Maintenance

Only specialist personnel may perform maintenance on the spindle.

The HF spindle must be shut down before any maintenance work.

- Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.
- Before carrying out any work, read the corresponding section of the manual carefully again.
- Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- Observe all safety instructions and safety rules.

12.1 Ball bearings



Note: Foreign matter reduces the service life.

The HF spindle bearings have lifetime grease lubrication. This means that they do not require maintenance.

- ▶ Do not lubricate the ball bearings.
- ▶ Do not apply grease, oil, or cleaning agents to the openings of the HF spindle.

12.2 Daily cleaning

To ensure that the HF spindle functions safely and accurately, all contact surfaces of the HF spindle, the mount for the HF spindle, the tool mount, and the tool holder must be clean.



Note: Foreign matter reduces the service life.

- ▶ Do not use compressed air to clean the HF spindle.
- ▶ Do not use ultrasonic cleaning on the HF spindle.
- ▶ Do not use steam jets to clean the HF spindle.

This could cause contamination to enter the bearing area.

12.2.1 Before commencing work

- Check that all surfaces are thoroughly cleaned and free of dust, grease, coolant, machining residues, and metal particles.
- Check that the HF spindle is free of damage.
- If the HF spindle is equipped with sealing air, always switch this on during cleaning.
- Only use a clean, soft cloth or a clean, soft brush for cleaning.

12.2.2 With every tool change

- Ensure that the tool mount and tool shank are clean.
 - ↳ Remove any soiling.

12.2.3 Every time the clamping device is changed

- ➔ Clean the inner taper of the HF spindle shaft. The inner taper must be free of chips and contamination.
- ➔ Clean the tool taper.
- ➔ Apply a light greasy film to the taper of the collet after cleaning.
 - ↳ Only use the collet grease from the service set.

This improves the sliding movement and increases the clamping force of the collet.

12.3 In the case of storage

If the HF spindle is not required for a prolonged period of time:

- ➔ Before storing and before commissioning only clean the cooling duct with compressed air.
- ➔ Remove all coolant residues.
- ➔ Store the HF spindle in horizontal position.
- ➔ Store the HF spindle so that it is protected from moisture, dust, and other environmental influences.
- ➔ Note the following storage conditions.

Temperature of storage location	+10°C ... + 45° C
Relative humidity	< 50 %

12.4 Monthly maintenance

- ➔ Turn the shaft of the HF spindle at least ten times by hand every four weeks.

12.5 Long periods of storage

- ➔ Turn the shaft of the HF spindle at least ten times by hand every three months.
- ➔ Then put the HF spindle into operation with a tool inserted for approx. 10 minutes.
 - ↳ The speed should be no more than 20 % of the maximum permissible speed for the HF spindle. (See Commissioning [▶ 27] section)

12.6 Maximum storage time

The maximum storage time is 2 years.

- ➔ Make sure that all information in the "Long periods of storage [▶ 34]" section is adhered to. This is the only way in which to maintain the functionality of the HF spindle.

13

Dismantling

Proceed as follows to remove the HF spindle:

- Completely disconnect the power supply.
- Completely disconnect the media supply (air and liquid).
- Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.
- Remove all connections from the HF spindle.
- Empty the cooling duct of the HF spindle.
- Remove the HF spindle from the machine.

13.1

**Disposal and environmental protection**

More than 90% of the materials used in the HF spindle can be recycled (aluminum, stainless steel, steel, copper, etc.)

The HF spindle may not be disposed of with normal domestic waste.

- Remove all non-recyclable materials.
- Dispose of the HF spindle as scrap at an approved recycling facility.
- Follow all rules of the responsible administrative bodies.
- Do not discharge coolants into wastewater.
- Dispose of cooling media in accordance with local regulations.

If the HF spindle cannot be dismantled, send the HF spindle to **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH**. **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** shall not assume the costs incurred for shipment and the fees for the recycling facilities.

14

**Service and repairs****DANGER: Electric shock.**

Electric shock can lead to severe burns and life-threatening injuries.

Take measures to prevent hazards caused by electrical energy (for details refer e.g. to the regulations issued by the VDE and the local energy supply companies).

- ▶ Before commencing work, switch off the power supply of the HF spindle.

**Note: Damage due to electrostatic discharge.**

Do not touch the electrostatic-sensitive components of the HF spindle.

14.1

Service partners

Only certified service partners may open and repair the spindle. Failure to comply with this voids any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.

- The list of partners can be found on the following website.

<https://www.nakanishi-jaeger.com/en/contact/service-partners>

14.2

Malfunctions

The list below can be used to quickly investigate and eliminate faults.

HF spindle not rotating

Cause	Troubleshooting
No power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check the frequency converter. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the machine. <input type="checkbox"/> Check all electrical connections. <input type="checkbox"/> Check all wires in the motor cable. <input type="checkbox"/> Activate the Start/Reset button.
Thermal protection has been activated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Wait until the HF spindle has cooled down. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the frequency converter for error messages. If no messages are illuminated, start the frequency converter. (See also "Spindle becomes hot [▶ 36]".)
Frequency converter has shut down	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check the error messages in the frequency converter manual.
Tool change initiated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Turn off the pneumatic system for the tool change.

HF spindle becomes hot

Cause	Troubleshooting
Insufficient cooling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check the power of the chiller. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the water level of the chiller. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the connections and the cooling hoses. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the cooling circuit. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the chiller for error messages.
Phase missing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check all wires in the motor cable for cable breaks.
Machining too heavy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check the rotational direction of the HF spindle. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the rotational direction of the tool. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the tool for damage. <input type="checkbox"/> Reduce the machining load intensity.
Frequency converter incorrectly set	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Compare the values for the HF spindle with the set values on the frequency converter.

HF spindle becomes loud

Cause	Troubleshooting
Tool unsuitable	<input type="checkbox"/> Only use balanced tools. (Also see the "Tools for high speed cutting [▶ 32]" section.) <input type="checkbox"/> Check the tool for damage. <input type="checkbox"/> Replace damaged tool.
HF spindle is not clamped truly or is distorted	<input type="checkbox"/> Only use spindle holders from the original accessories or holders produced according to the tolerances specified by Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH .
Bearings damaged	<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH service.

No automatic tool change

Cause	Troubleshooting
Contamination	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove all contamination between the tool taper and shaft of the HF spindle. (Observe all points in the "Tool change [▶ 29]" and "Maintenance [▶ 33]" sections.)
Collet does not open	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the electrical connection of the cylinder. (Observe all points in the "Tool change [▶ 29]" and "Maintenance [▶ 33]" sections.)
No ventilation	<input type="checkbox"/> Check whether both connections of the dual-action cylinder are connected. <input type="checkbox"/> Check whether the cylinder is taking in air.

Sensor does not send any signals

Cause	Troubleshooting
No connection to sensor	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the lines and connections.

**HF spindle vibrates/
oscillates**

Cause	Troubleshooting
Tool unsuitable	<input type="checkbox"/> Only use balanced tools. (Also see the "Tools for high speed cutting [▶ 32]" section.) <input type="checkbox"/> Check whether the tool is suitable for the application. <input type="checkbox"/> Check the tool for damage. <input type="checkbox"/> Replace damaged tool.
Contamination	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove all contamination between the tool taper and shaft of the HF spindle. (Observe all points in the "Tool change [▶ 29]" and "Maintenance [▶ 33]" sections.)
Frequency converter incorrectly set	<input type="checkbox"/> Compare the values for the HF spindle with the set values on the frequency converter.
Machining too heavy	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduce the machining load intensity.
Mounting screws are loose	<input type="checkbox"/> Tighten the screws securely.
HF spindle damaged	<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH service.

If the error is not rectified after checking all of the points, contact the relevant service partner.

- ➔ Request the accompanying note for the repair from the service partner.
- ➔ Check the manual of the machine.
- ➔ Contact the manufacturer of the machine.

15 Declaration of Incorporation

The safety instructions of the product documentation supplied must be observed.

Under the EC Machinery Directive

Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH

SF-Elektromaschinenbau

Siemensstr. 8

D-61239 Ober-Mörlen

Tel. +49 (0) 60029123 -0

hereby declare that the product,

Product	High Frequency Spindle
Type	B150-H626.02 K1W2
Serial no.	See last page of manual

as far as possible from the supplied, complies with the essential requirements of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Sections of the Machinery Directive have been applied: 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.5; 1.3.2; 1.3.4; 1.5.1; 1.5.2; 1.5.4; 1.5.5; 1.5.6; 1.5.8; 1.5.9; 1.6.4; 1.6.5; 1.7.1; 1.7.1.1; 1.7.2; 1.7.3; 1.7.4;

The incomplete machinery in its standard design complies furthermore with the following applicable regulations:

Applicable harmonized standards	DIN EN ISO 12100 Safety of machines
---------------------------------	--

The machinery is incomplete and must not be put into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and any other applicable regulations.

We at Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH agree to submit the special documents for incomplete machines to national authorities upon request.

The special technical documentation referred to in Annex VII, Part B, belonging to the machine has been created.

Person who is authorized to compile the documents listed in Annex VII, Part B:

Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH

Ober-Mörlen, 11.12.2023



Nakanishi Jaeger YouTube channel

Scan this QR code with any QR code scanner.



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Serial number



Type **B150-H626.02 K1W2**

Item no. **10406101**

Revision 00 Date 11.12.2023

Language EN

